Development of High-efficiency Organic Light-emitting Materials

Project Representative

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Abstract

Organic EL display, as is self-emitting, has recently been developing to replace LCD in widelyused flat panel displays. Organic EL has a lot of advantages from the point of production cost and large scale display, because its device structure is quite simple. At present, the materials have been developing in rapid evolutions, and experimental production is now also being started in the market, which is expected to be grown in near future. This kind of material development is highly dependent on fairly accurate numerical calculations in recent computational environment. In particular, it is quite important to analyze spectra in emission/absorption processes. Development of time dependent density functional theory (TDDFT) provides us predictably emission spectra quite effectively. In our study, real-space and real-time calculation techniques are applied to describe the electronic states instead of conventional basis-expansion techniques. This method ensures more efficiently in relatively small number of spatial meshes to obtain results with reasonable accuracy, which depends on an adjustable parameter, the total number of time steps. Recent topics in the materials development is the use of not only fluorescent but also phosphorous processes. Corresponding computational research needs to work for the wide variety of materials. As our theme in 2008, we started to improve our TDDFT code and have been adding basic functions to handle phosphorous materials, based on the results in 2005 and 2007.

Keywords: Organic LED, Materials of Polymer LED, Optical Spectrum, Time-Dependent Density Functional Theory